

### Multi-dimensional Approach to Geohazard Risk Management: Landscape Perspective



Geohazards are increasing across the globe due to climate change and increase the risk of long-term disruption to transport systems. A reliable and efficient transport system/network is a major catalyst for the development of a country and the backbone of its functioning. Disruption to the transport system will cause economic setbacks and impact citizens' security and access to critical infrastructure (e.g. hospitals, schools, shelters, etc.). Therefore, a geohazard risk management perspective that incorporates people, environment, hydrology, geology, and the transportation infrastructure needs to be adopted for robust and resilient transport network.

The traditional approach to maintaining transport network is reactive and remediates geohazard events as they occur. A proactive approach that evaluates hazards, monitors the network, and manages the infrastructure can result in 60-80% life-cycle cost savings

- Soil properties and geology
- Hydrology
- Ecology
- Infrastructure
- People

### Types of Geohazards



Glacial Lake Outburst Floods



Avalanche



Volcano



Earthquakes, Liquefaction



Floods



Tsunami



Landslides, Rock Slides, Debris Flows



Mud Slide

### Transport Asset Management



Geohazard risk assessment from a landscape perspective



Hazard Monitoring



Early warning systems



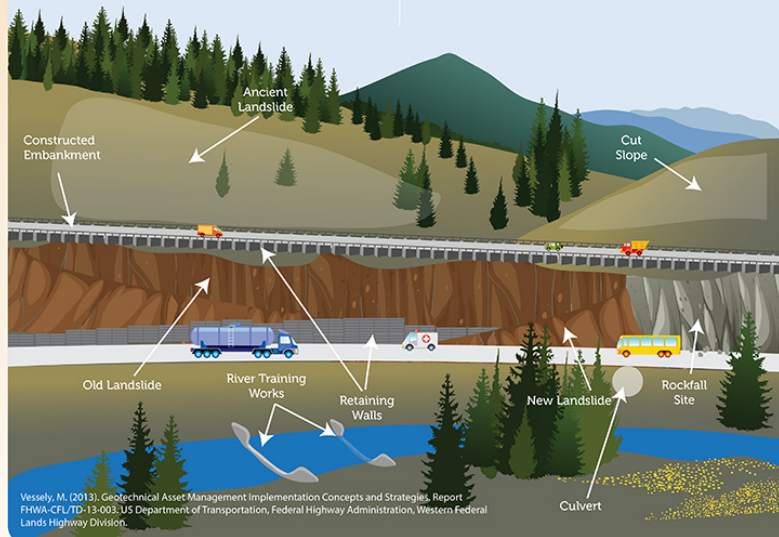
Structural measures



Emergency preparedness and response plan



Institutional coordination and management



Vessely, M. (2013). Geotechnical Asset-Management Implementation Concepts and Strategies. Report FHWA-CFL/TD-13-003. US Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Western Federal Lands Highway Division.