Title of the session: “Civil protection for inclusive recovery”

May 13th, 2019/ 16:00-17:00 /ROOM 4

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<th>Organizers</th>
<th>GFDRR/WB and Private Sector</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Joe Leitmann (GFDRR – Lead Disaster Risk Management Specialist)</td>
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<td></td>
<td>- Mare Lo (GFDRR – Senior Disaster Risk Management Specialist)</td>
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<td>- Steve Schwartz (LION Foundation – Private sector representative)</td>
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Context

Civil protection and disaster preparedness are core elements of cities and communities resilience around the world. The concept of civil protection was introduced for the first time in 1931 in the post-world war period, aiming to protect vulnerable civilian populations and their assets. The concept has evolved through ages and disasters and bring now to the wider dimension of disaster risk reduction or disaster risk management.

In the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR) 2015-2030, the Priority 4 has expressed the need to further strengthen disaster preparedness for response and ensure that capacities are in place for effective response and recovery at all levels. This priority covers the different phases of civil protection activities and disaster risk reduction:

- **The phase of Emergency Preparedness**, that mainly consists of disaster risk forecasting, early warning system, emergency preparedness plan, collection and storage of emergency items, safe evacuation, and mock drills.

- **The phase of Disaster Response** covers the activities of disaster emergency service and assistance during or immediately after the disaster. Saving human life and preventing the additional physical loss are the priority actions of this stage. Search, rescue, relief, emergency health services, temporary shelter, safe drinking water and sanitation, and arrangement of food are the other priority activities of this stage.

- **The phase of Recovery and Reconstruction** after the completion of emergency phase. It includes the recovery activities such as rehabilitation and improvement of disaster affected services and facilities, income generation and other households and communities livelihood activities that need to be restored, with application of the “Build Back Better” principles. This phase of rehabilitation and reconstruction comprises activities like raising people’s awareness, strong plan, institutional strengthening and coordination, financing and implementing arrangements including communication, information and mechanisms to address grievances.

All these phases should promote inclusion and participation of communities who are at the heart of implemented activities. This community based Civil Protection and DRR approach without any discrimination based on sex, age, race, religion, ethnicity, geography or social status is a strong basis for inclusion of all at all phases.

As Civil protection systems are at the inception of such processes since the preparedness, they constitute relevant instruments of inclusive recovery promotion. The inclusion of all stakeholders and actors since the beginning will undoubtedly assure their participation until the recovery process, without exclusion.
The recent GFDRR’s global study on the state of civil protection in the world launched during the WRC3 clarified the roles and responsibilities of different public institutions, civil society organizations, private sector companies, volunteers, communities and faith based organizations in 16 countries covered by deep dive case studies (UK, USA, Mexico, Chile, Cambodia, Bangladesh, Tanzania, Austria, Australia, Senegal, Japan, Ukraine, France, Turkey, India and China). The findings stressed all the importance of inclusion and participation of all in the collective effort of protecting people and assets, safeguarding environment, and preparing to respond and recover from man-made and nature-related disasters. However, the approaches of inclusion differ from one country or typology to another, depending on the system in place, its history and governance.

**Session Objectives and expected Outcomes**

**Objective:**
The objective of the session is to showcase how civil protection can be an impressive engine for inclusive recovery, through the implementation of the successive phases of disaster risk management.

**Expected outcomes:**

i) Clarification of the place of civil protection across the different phases of disaster risk reduction

ii) Better understanding of the truthful relationship between the level of inclusion of all stakeholders and successful phases of disaster management;

iii) Better description of the roles and responsibilities of civil protection actors for inclusive recovery (governments, private sector, civil society, communities, etc.);

iv) Identification of good practices of inclusive civil protection systems revealed by the global study on civil protection;

v) Lessons learnt that could inform civil protection activities for better inclusive preparedness, response and recovery/reconstruction.

The GFDRR Global Report of the civil protection study will be launched at this session and disseminated to participants.

**Key elements for the discussion**

- Findings of the global civil protection report related to inclusion and participation for resilient recovery
- Experience sharing on civil protection practices for inclusive disaster preparedness, response and recovery
- Identification of elements to increase the inclusiveness of civil protection systems across the world
- Good practices of civil protection systems for inclusive recovery
- Place, role and responsibilities of all actors involved in civil protection activities at international, regional, national and local levels
- Consequences of exclusion on civil protection activities, actors’ coordination and community resilience.

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<th>Speakers / Panelists</th>
<th>Moderator</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Representing</th>
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<tr>
<td>Mare LO</td>
<td>Senior DRM Specialist</td>
<td>GFDRR World Bank</td>
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Speakers | Title | Representing
### Discussion agenda and structure

The session will be structured as a talk show format in which panel members will be invited to share their experience and views. The moderator will call on each speaker to talk about one aspect of the topic of civil protection and inclusion based on their experience, with the moderator asking follow-on questions of each speaker. The session will start with a brief presentation on the theme and the findings in the global civil protection report to be launched by GFDRR and its partners. The panel discussion will be followed by questions from the audience.

**Tentative session structure:**
- Introduction and agenda setting by the Moderator 5 min.
- Presentation: Keynote speaker 10 min.
- Panel discussion: 45 min. based on questions from the moderator to panelists, focusing on different aspects of Civil protection and inclusive recovery
  - Q & A: 25 min.
  - Conclusion and closing remarks 5 min.

### Expected number of participants

100-120

### Technical Equipment Required

- Video projector, screen, sound, computer, lapel microphones for panelists + 1 moderator, panel set-up, 1 podium, interpretation booth (French-English)

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<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Position and Affiliation</th>
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<tr>
<td>Stephen Schwartz</td>
<td>Board Member of the Lion Ready for Action Foundation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kit Miyamoto</td>
<td>CEO Miyamoto International Inc.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prof. Georges Tadonki</td>
<td>Prof of University USA International Consultant</td>
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<td>Gaetano Vivo</td>
<td>Team Leader Civil Protection Programme and Budget</td>
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<td>Prof. Mauro Dolce</td>
<td>Director General of Italian Civil Protection Department</td>
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<td>Ana Lucia Hill Mayoral</td>
<td>Director “Yo Soy Protección Civil” Initiative</td>
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<td>Mino Harivel Ramaroson</td>
<td>Africa Regional Coordinator Madagascar</td>
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