

United Nations Development Programme

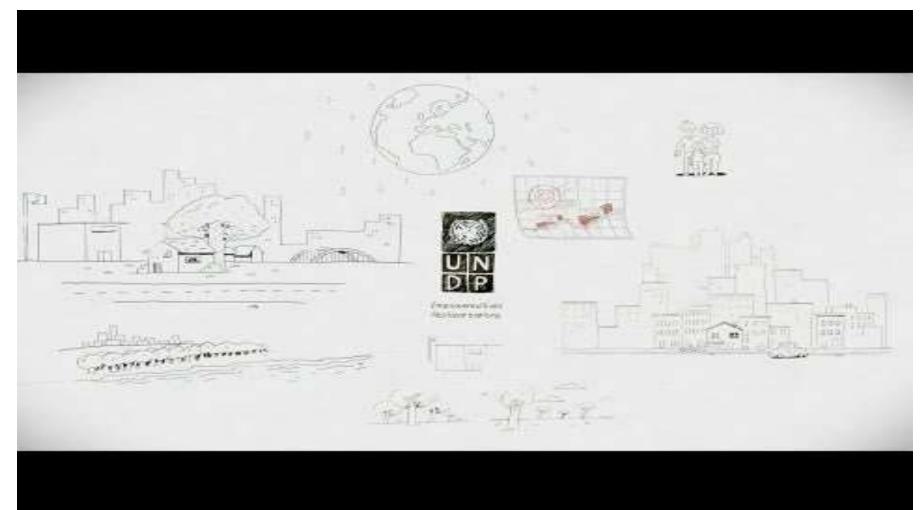
5-10-50

UNDP's Commitment to Risk-Informed Development

Bureau for Policy and Programme Support Berlin, October 2015

VIDEO







THE OVERVIEW





5 Priority Areas... Over 10 Years... in 50 Targeted Countries...





The Vision



A comprehensive programme that:

- Delivers on risk-informed development in support of the Sendai Framework
- Links directly to the Sustainable Development Goals
- Implements the disaster/climate resilience pillar of UNDP's Strategic Plan
- Is founded in a broad partnership approach
- Builds on UNDP's comparative advantage

Advances have been made...



- DRR increasingly seen as a development issue
- Paradigm shift from preparedness to comprehensive disaster risk reduction (DRR)
- Reduced mortality in most countries through preparedness and early-warning
- Institutional and policy frameworks to manage disaster and climate risks in place, but...
- Risk progressively recognized in other global policy processes

... But a Step Change is Needed



- Economic losses (and sometimes mortality) are still on the rise
- Majority of public & private investment decisions not informed by risk assessments
- DRR is still largely seen as a technical rather than a governance issue
- Flawed & unsustainable development process continues to contribute disaster/climate risks
- Climate change adds further pressures on development



THE PROGRAMME



5-10-50 will deliver...



- Sustained support to countries to gradually 'achieve' risk informed development
- Contextually relevant and needs based assistance
- Tailor-made support ranging from traditional DRR to complex public policy advice
- A whole-of-society approach to DRR
- Cohesion and integration across climate change, environment and energy with links to other UNDP focus areas

5 Thematic Areas



RISK ASSESSMENT & COMMUNICATION

EARLY WARNING & PREPAREDNESS

INCLUSIVE RISK GOVERNANCE

RESILIENT RECOVERY

URBAN & LOCAL LEVEL RISK MANAGEMENT

Linkages with Sendai



5-10-50 Thematic Areas	Sendai Framework Priorities
Risk assessment & communication	P1: Understanding risk
Early warning & preparedness	P4: Recovery & preparedness
Resilient recovery	P4: Recovery & preparedness
Inclusive risk governance	P2: Strengthening risk governance
Urban & local level risk management	P3: DRR for resilience

The 5 Themes Unpacked



Risk Assessment & Communication:

- Disaster & climate risk assessments
- Application of risk assessments in DRR, CCA and development
- Damage and loss accounting systems
- Regional risk profiling

Early Warning & Preparedness:

- National & local EWS connected to communities
- Communication networks
- Institutional & coordination support
- Access to climate information
- Preparedness planning

Risk Governance:

- Risk-informed planning & budgeting
- Inclusive/adaptive risk governance institutions
- Policy and legal frameworks to set incentives
- Focus on decision-making processes and political economy

The 5 Themes Unpacked-II



- Resilient Recovery:
 - Post-disaster damage, loss and needs assessment & planning
 - Recovery preparedness through policies & institutional frameworks
 - Financing mechanisms for recovery
 - Tools & guidelines
- Urban and Local Risk Management:
 - Risk-informed urban development
 - Urban & local risk management/governance
 - Local government community interface
 - Decentralized DRR & CCA

Cross-cutting Issues





Engagement Principles



Principle	Potential Indicator (s)
Natural Hazard Risk: (Population in areas of a natural hazard)	 World Risk Index (UNU-EHS) Natural Disaster Hotspots (50%+ population exposed) Natural Hazards Risk Atlas (Maplecroft) INFORM
Vulnerability: (Susceptibility to impact of disasters) Disaster History: (Impact of past disasters)	 Income Status (World Bank) Human Development Indicators (ranked below 50 in country index) Em-Dat (repeatedly affected population, % and volume population affected) Munich Re (repeated financial losses, volume
Enabling Environment: (Commitment of governments for DRR)	 economic losses, %GDP losses) Government support for DRR, through ILS and other processes (qualitative assessment) Specific requests for disaster/climate risk related support UNDP and Partners Working Relationships (qualitative assessment)

Where are we at?



Programme Development

- Principles of Country Selection
- Management Arrangements
- Integration with Climate Change Adaptation & Conflict Prevention
- Country Baselines

External Engagement

- Member State Meetings and Capital Visits
- Formalizing Partnerships
- Identifying South-South Cooperation



February 2016 Launch (proposed)

Partnership Scenarios





• Partner engages in one or more thematic areas, e.g. GFDRR & GARD & MSB in recovery; IFRC & UNISDR in risk governance; ODI in research & evidence; etc.



Partner engages across all thematic areas, e.g. full alignment of partners' programmes with 5-10-50 and possibly other thematic areas



Global partnership framework, based on institutionalized structure that generates incentives for country level



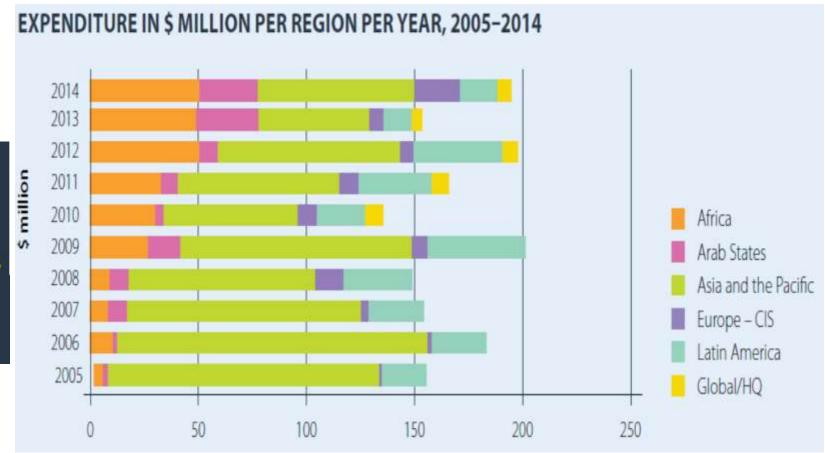
WHY UNDP?



UNDP's DRR Delivery 2005-2014







The Yearly Trends

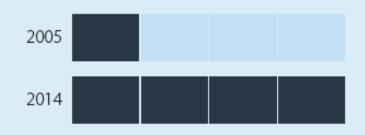




UNDP'S DRR EXPENDITURE IN 2014:

\$195 million

THIRD HIGHEST ON RECORD



Excluding Asia and the Pacific, total annual expenditure has increased by more than a factor of four since 2005.



Africa increasing: Annual expenditures of \$50 million in each of the last three years. In 2014, this accounted for 26% of global expenditure.

10-years in support of the HFA



HAS BEEN A CORE ACTIVITY IN

117 COUNTRIES

LEGAL FRAMEWORKS

HAVE BEEN ADVANCED IN

58

COUNTRIES

DRR POLICY AND STRATEGY

HAVE BEEN ADVANCED IN

77

COUNTRIES

MAINSTREAMING DRR

INTO DEVELOPMENT HAS BEEN A CORE ELEMENT OF PROGRAMMING IN

> 62 COUNTRIES

LOCAL AND URBAN RISK MANAGEMENT

HAS BEEN A DETAILED COMPONENT OF WORK IN

> 75 COUNTRIES

Managing the Remaining Risk

DISASTER PREPAREDNESS

HAS BEEN INITIATED IN

42

COUNTRIES

POST-DISASTER NEEDS ASSESSMENTS (PDNAs)

HAVE BEEN COMPLETED

41 TIMES IN 34

COUNTRIES

RESILIENT RECOVERY

HAS BEEN UNDERTAKEN IN

COUNTRIES

SIGNIFICANT RISK ASSESSMENT
WORK HAS BEEN CONDUCTED IN

57
COUNTRIES

DISASTER LOSS DATABASES
HAVE BEEN SET UP IN

30
COUNTRIES

EARLY WARNING SYSTEMS (EWS)
HAVE BEEN DEVELOPED IN

32
COUNTRIES

Risk

Communicating

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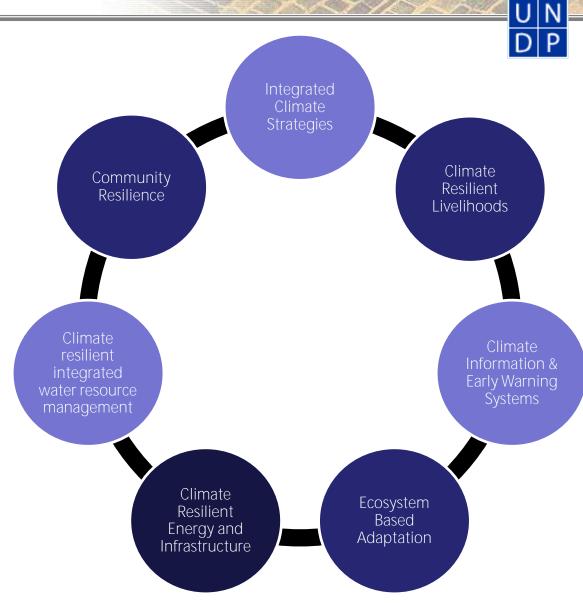
Understanding

Reducing Risk

A Focus on Adaptation

UNDP: largest UN Agency supporting climate adaptation programming

- USD 750 million portfolio
- Leveraged more than \$2b in cofinancing
- 110 countries supported



Our Strengths



<u>A Unified Team</u>: A combined and strengthened Climate Change, Disaster Risk Reduction and Sustainable Energy Team

<u>Technical Support</u>: Increased expertise and presence at regional levels, better able to support national partners

<u>Integrated</u>: Leveraging related areas: governance, climate change, environment, fragility, livelihoods, gender, poverty

<u>Coordination and Coherence</u>: Global/Regional convening, oversight of the UN Resident Coordinator/Country Teams

Country Level Strength: Presence in 177 countries and decades of sustained engagement with national partners

In summary: 5-10-50 offers...



- Comprehensive package of technical assistance delivered jointly with key partners
- Services to meet a range of country needs from regular DRR to transformative risk-informed development
- A healthy balance between direct programme support and policy and research support for change
- The full strength of UNDP's work across a variety of integrated programme areas
- A streamlined approach to DRR, climate adaptation and sustainable development

Comprehensive, Long-Term, Sustained



Thank You!

