



## TECHNICAL SESSION

### Ensuring the inclusion of displaced persons in recovery

May 13th 2019, 1100 am – 1230 pm, Room 18

<p><b>Context</b></p>	<p>Every year, millions of people are forced to leave their homes because of floods, tropical storms, droughts, glacier melting, earthquakes and other natural hazards. It has been estimated that rapid onset disasters have led to 24.2 million people being newly displaced in 2016 . Many find refuge within their own country, but some have to move abroad. Scientists warn that climate change is projected to increase displacement in the future. Large-scale displacements have devastating effects on people.</p> <p>Furthermore, this situation is exacerbated in contexts where disasters and fragile/conflict/violent situations overlap. Forced displacement have reached unprecedented levels. There are 68.5 million people, almost 1 percent of humankind, who are forcibly displaced, including over 25 million refugees, approximately 3 million asylum seekers and 40 million internally displaced persons (IDPs). The majority of those displaced are women and girls.</p> <p>Most of displaced persons are hosted in hosting areas already characterized by sub-optimal economic productivity and endemic poverty. As displacement flows surge and become protracted, the infrastructure and services of host communities are challenged to absorb those displaced. As a result, people who are displaced can face extreme conditions—lacking jobs, income and access to health care and social services beyond emergency humanitarian assistance. Women and girls are particularly vulnerable to trafficking, sexual violence and being forced into sex work.</p> <p>The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, the Sendai Framework and related international policy frameworks and instruments recognized the need to ensure that vulnerable people are empowered, including displaced persons.</p> <p>This session will explore the different approaches in ensuring that displaced persons are included in recovery processes according to these key inclusion functions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Full and meaningful participation and leadership of displaced persons groups and individuals in identifying and reducing risk.</li> </ul>
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Promotes equality of rights and opportunities for displaced persons in the face of risk.</li> <li>• Differentiates and responds to the diverse characteristics, capacities and vulnerabilities of displaced persons, majority of who are women and children.</li> <li>• Building resilience of displaced persons by transforming power relations and removing barriers that keep them excluded.</li> </ul> <p>Existing good examples and lessons learned of participatory approaches, methods and practices will be presented and discussed. Real-time and active feedback and contribution will sought from the audience digitally. Concrete recommendations to the WRC will be made based on the presentations and discussion.</p>
Speakers / Panelists	<p><b>MODERATOR</b></p> <p>Ms Nadine Walicki, Coordinator, <a href="#">GP20</a> on Internal Displacement</p> <p>Prof. Walter Kaelin, Envoy of the Chair of the Platform on Disaster Displacement</p> <p>Mr. Anare Leweniqila, Director, the Fiji National Disaster Management Office</p> <p>Ms. Fatimata Toure, Presidente ONG GREFFA Mali Gao</p> <p>Ms Natalia Baal, Coordinator, Joint-IDP Profiling Service (JIPS)</p> <p>Ms Amanda Entrikin, Director of Global Affairs and Advocacy - Government Relations and Advocacy, Habitat for Humanity International</p> <p><b>Concluding Presentation</b>, Mr Suprayoga Hadi, Director for Special Area and Disadvantaged Region - National Development Planning Agency (BAPPENAS), Indonesia</p>