

**GFDRR Results Framework- Stage I**  
**Based on GFDRR Partnership Strategy 2009-12**  
*(Revised Draft- October 28, 2010)*

Developmental Goal [2009-12]	Program Outcome Indicators
Make substantial strategic progress/contributions towards increasing human security and prosperity through comprehensive national disaster risk reduction programs in client countries.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Qualitative Evidence<sup>1</sup> of Contribution of GFDRR supported DRR-related policy development and program implementation towards poverty<sup>2</sup> and vulnerability reduction (across regions and overall client countries)</li> </ul>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Qualitative Evidence<sup>3</sup> of Contribution of GFDRR supported DRR-related policy development and program implementation towards climate sensitization and adaptation (across regions and overall client countries)</li> </ul>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• % Priority<sup>4</sup> Countries successfully implementing/completing comprehensive national DRR programs that adequately address all five HFA priority areas – <i>measured through independent measurements of GFDRR’s contribution to country progress towards meeting HFA priorities, including:</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Ensuring that disaster reduction is a national and local priority with a strong institutional basis for implementation</li> <li>○ Identifying, assessing and monitoring disaster risks and enhancing early warning</li> <li>○ Using knowledge, innovation and education to build a culture of safety and resilience at all levels</li> <li>○ Reducing the underlying risk factors</li> <li>○ Strengthening disaster preparedness for effective response at all levels</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• % Priority Countries successfully implementing/ completing comprehensive national DRR programs that adequately address at least three HFA priority areas, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Ensuring that disaster reduction is a national and local priority with a strong institutional basis for implementation</li> <li>○ Identifying, assessing and monitoring disaster risks and enhancing early warning</li> <li>○ Strengthening disaster preparedness for effective response at all levels</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• % Client<sup>5</sup> Countries where DRR prioritization and financing is strengthened inter-alia based on economic evidence<sup>6</sup> generated and disseminated by GFDRR</li> </ul>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Increase in Number of Regional Organizations, Bilateral Donors and Multilateral Development Banks with strengthened DRR prioritization and financing inter-alia based on economic evidence generated and disseminated by GFDRR</li> </ul>
	<b>Intermediate Outcome Indicators</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• % Client Countries where dialogue on DRR prioritization and financing is initiated or leveraged inter alia based on economic evidence generated and disseminated by GFDRR</li> <li>• Increase in Number of Regional Organizations, Bilateral Donors and Multilateral Development Banks where dialogue on DRR prioritization and financing is initiated or leveraged inter alia based on economic evidence generated and disseminated by GFDRR</li> <li>• Multi-stakeholder dissemination and recognition of GFDRR’s global “Economics of DRR” initiative</li> </ul>	
<b>Track I: The Global and Regional Cooperation Program</b>	
Developmental Objective	Program Outcome Indicators
Expand, strengthen and deepen global and regional partnerships for supporting national disaster risk reduction and climate change adaptation.	1. Increased value of joint or harmonized DRR and Climate Change Adaptation (CCA) investments by donors and multilateral development Banks
	2. % of GDRR-supported regional and sub-regional organizations with enhanced DRR and CCA capacities, resources and portfolios
	3. Increased institutionalization of innovative DRR technologies and products by GFDRR-supported regional partners <sup>7</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Such evidence shall be collected through two means: (a) systematic aggregation, compilation and analysis of all related program and intermediate outcome indicators included in the Results Framework (RF), and; (b) additional evidence and perceptions gathered through specially commissioned sample-based qualitative surveys.

<sup>2</sup> Significant efforts are being made to better align GFDRR strategy and results with the achievement of the MDGs.

<sup>3</sup> Such evidence shall be based on both existing related indicators included in the RF, and possible new/joint DRM/CCA indicators to be developed in collaboration with major climate change actors/stakeholders.

<sup>4</sup> This includes GFDRR Priority and Donor Earmarked countries

<sup>5</sup> Including Priority, Donor Earmarked and Post Disaster Countries

<sup>6</sup> The term economic evidence refers to global, regional and country level evidence generated by GFDRR through its three tracks and its global “Economics of DRR” initiative.

<b>Intermediate Outcomes</b>	<b>Intermediate Outcome Indicators</b>
1. Enhanced GFDRR sponsored global collaboration and aid effectiveness for DRR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Broadening and diversification of GFDRR partnership base to include increased number of donor countries, emerging economies, developing countries and regional institutions</li> <li>b. Enhanced and strengthened<sup>8</sup> DRR and CCA partnerships between donors and multilateral development banks</li> <li>c. Enhanced and strengthened GFDRR partnerships with private sector and civil society</li> </ul>
2. Enhanced regional capacities to address disaster risk reduction.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Increase in the number of regional strategies and programs by GFDRR-supported regional organizations to address DRR and CCA</li> <li>b. Increase in, or strengthening of, regional DRR and CCA support systems<sup>9</sup> of GFDRR-supported regional organizations</li> </ul>
3. Increased regional uptake and use of innovative technologies for DRR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Increase in the number of GFDRR-supported open source regional or sub-regional information hubs for DRR</li> <li>b. Increase in the number of innovative technologies and products by GFDRR partners</li> </ul>
<b>Track II: The Disaster Risk Reduction Mainstreaming Program</b>	
<b>Developmental Objective</b>	<b>Program Outcome Indicators</b>
Contribute towards mainstreaming disaster risk reduction and climate change adaptation as key elements of sustainable development in priority countries.	1. % of GFDRR Priority Countries that have earmarked DRR allocations in their annual and medium term development budgets
	2. % of GFDRR Priority Countries that have institutionalized and utilized disaster risk assessments for improved DRR; % of GFDRR Priority Countries which have invested in strengthening their early warning and emergency preparedness capacities
	3. % of Priority Countries which have adopted innovative risk financing frameworks
	4. % GFDRR priority countries that institutionalize safer school and hospital designs and operations
<b>Intermediate Outcomes</b>	<b>Intermediate Outcome Indicators</b>
1. Tangible progress towards greater integration of disaster risk reduction in developmental policies and poverty reduction strategies in priority countries.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. % of GFDRR Priority Countries that have integrated DRR and CCA in their national development policies</li> <li>b. % of GFDRR Priority Countries where the World Bank has integrated DRR and CCA in its Country Assistance Strategies</li> </ul>
2. Provision of enabling analytical tools and environment for countries to develop policies and investments for disaster risk reduction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. % of GFDRR Priority Countries that have carried out systematic disaster risk assessments with support from GFDRR to underpin risk mitigation/reduction strategies</li> <li>b. % of GFDRR Priority Countries where GFDRR has provided technical and capacity building support for early warning systems and emergency preparedness</li> </ul>
3. Advancement of risk financing mechanisms	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. % of GFDRR Priority Countries where GFDRR has introduced and/or leveraged innovative work/knowledge products in the area of risk financing</li> <li>b. % of GFDRR Priority Countries where active government dialogue has been initiated over risk financing mechanisms</li> </ul>
4. Tangible contributions towards enhancing the hazard resilience of cities, communities and critical infrastructure in priority countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. % of GFDRR Priority Countries that have integrated DRM in urban development planning of one or more cities</li> <li>b. % GFDRR Priority countries where GFDRR has helped develop safe construction and retrofitting guidelines for hospitals and schools</li> </ul>
<b>Track III: The Sustainable Recovery Program</b>	
<b>Developmental Objective</b>	<b>Program Outcome Indicators</b>
Assist post-disaster countries in achieving efficient, effective and resilient disaster recovery, while promoting and leveraging greater disaster risk reduction.	1. ; % disaster-hit countries per calendar year that request GFDRR support for recovery; % post-disaster countries where GFDRR organized swift responses for needs assessments (such as within 2-4 wks of a disaster); % post disaster countries where GFDRR facilitated the development of recovery programs and projects within (3-5 months) of a disaster
	2. % post-disaster countries supported by GFDRR where recovery programs led to (efforts for) strengthened recovery preparedness and response (such as emergency operations centers, SOPs and protocols for emergency response, etc.)
	3. % post-disaster countries supported by GFDRR where recovery programs promoted incorporation of DRR in longer term development policy-making

<sup>7</sup> The term partners refers to both regional organizations and other private sector and civil society partners.

<sup>8</sup> Specific sub-indicators are being developed to capture the enhancement and strengthening of DRR partnerships as may be manifested in the institution of formal partnership arrangements, joint DRM programs and products, etc. The same applies to the next indicator on partnerships with private sector and civil society.

<sup>9</sup> Such as trans-boundary or common risk assessments; early warning systems, South-South and other knowledge exchanges, etc.

Intermediate Outcomes	Intermediate Outcome Indicators
1. Strengthened and coordinated disaster recovery planning	a. % post-disaster countries supported by GFDRR where PDNAs/DALAs are adopted as the common (national) strategic and financing platform across multiple sectors and stakeholders for subsequent disaster recovery
2. Enhanced and strengthened in-country capacities in recovery preparedness and response	a. % post-disaster countries supported by GFDRR where recovery programs led to the creation or strengthening of dedicated disaster management institutions b. % post-disaster countries where trainings and workshops were conducted to improve in country recovery capacities, specifically including trainings on Post-Disaster Needs Assessments
3. Promotion of greater disaster risk reduction	a. % post disaster countries supported by GFDRR which adequately addressed DRR in their disaster recovery strategies